

speech indeed, which was very little understood under the gallery, by moving, that a list of the Officers' names, of the late established corps in America, with the rank they held in the army before their appointment to such corps, and a copy of the stipulations on which they had been raised, should be laid on the table.

Sir Cecil Wray seconded the motion; he felt it extremely proper, and, in his opinion, the letters of service were the criterion by which those corps should be provided for. If they were entitled to be put on the British establishment by their original stipulations, certainly they ought to be put on it; if, on the other hand, it was a matter of favour to those corps, or the Officers of them, that partiality notwithstanding their merits, might perhaps operate to the disadvantage of the service; and he would wish not to be considered by his support of the Hon. General's motion, to fall within the description given by his Hon. Friend (Mr. Huliffe) on a former debate, that those who had said nothing, had been for the Loyalists by the provisional articles, and had exclaimed against Ministers for it; when they found that any thing was done for them, were equally discontented. He said, for his part, he was influenced by no motive but one; that he considered the service might be injured by it, and he would, as much as any other man in the House, rejoice to see the Loyalists provided for.

General Conway said it was impossible for him to follow the Hon. Mover of the motion; he would only observe that the distinguished exertion of the five corps who had been rewarded for their uncommon gallantry, by being put on the establishment, was so universally known, as well in this country as in every other corner of Europe, that he could not, without surprise, hear the least discontent at it. The General explained all their different claims to such a distinction, and when he would mention the names of Dalrymple, Simcoe, Tarleton, Fanning, &c. he trusted their deserts were sufficiently acknowledged, to warrant what had been done for them. The General made some further observations, and said if he had known the cause of the motion, he should not feel any objection.

The Secretary at War could not learn from what had fallen from the Hon. Mover, what principles his motion was founded on, and like his Hon. Friend, if he did not think something private was the motive, he should feel no objection; however, if it was the will of the House, he had nothing material to oppose to the motion.

A short conversation took place, and the motion passed without a division.

Friday, March 14.

Mr. C. Wray gave notice to the House, that he would on a future day move an address to his Majesty, that he would be graciously pleased to give up Gibraltar, on obtaining an adequate return for it.

Sir Cecil Wray moved, that an humble address be presented to his Majesty, praying that he would be graciously pleased to order a copy, or extracts of all letters from the Commander-in-Chief, the Secretary at War, or any other of his Majesty's Ministers offering half-pay, or some other encouragement to the regiments, or

war establishment of the army, April; and as this bill was to regulate that army, it was intended it should be in force only to the said period. In the mean time the estimates for a peace establishment would be laid before parliament, and then a new mutiny bill would be brought in, to regulate that peace establishment. This bill differed also from the last, as it made no provision for the Government of troops in Minorca, because that island was no longer our's. He observed that the bill must be passed without delay, as the mutiny act would expire on Monday next, with respect to England, though it would be in force till the year 1784 with respect to troops in the plantations, and till the month of May next with respect to the forces in Jersey and Guernsey.

The Bill then passed through the committee without debate, after which the house adjourned.

D U B L I N, March 22.

It seems that the crops of wheat in America have been unusually fruitful, and that very large cargoes of it may be expected to arrive in the river in the course of a month, which will afford the poor at this time of scarcity, a seasonable supply.

A letter from a respectable quarter, by yesterday's packet, says, that our excellent Vice-roy is left at full liberty to remain in his Government, or resign it, by the new Ministry; if he resigns, his Grace of Devonshire succeeds him.

The Parliament of this kingdom, which stands prorogued to Tuesday the 25th instant, is further prorogued to Tuesday the 6th day of May next.

This day Mary Purfield was strangled and burned, at Gallow-green, near Kilmainham, for setting fire to and destroying the house and offices of Mr. Morgan, at Blancherstown. It is said, that the provocation given to this unfortunate woman to commit this dreadful outrage was near four years since, all which time she waited for an opportunity to be revenged, which she at length too successfully met with.

We are just informed, from indubitable authority, That Earl TEMPLE is positively to relinquish immediately his Government, for his departure was ordered this day, at twelve o'clock. A piece of intelligence that we are certain, must sensibly afflict every true Irishman.

A handsome star, neatly sculptured, gilt and silvered, representing that of our Irish chivalry, is erected in the Castle, at the east end of St. Patrick's hall, under the gallery.

A new coinage of halipence is commenced at the Tower of London; they are of the present year, and larger than any yet struck off. A new silver coinage will also soon be begun.

A Meeting of Delegates from numerous corps was lately held at Belfast, to determine on a review for the ensuing summer, and to elect a General. They have accordingly resolved to have an encamped Review on the plains of Broughshane, about 20 miles from Belfast, and have again honoured Lord Charlemont to command at the grand exhibition.

On Wednesday the Grand Jury of the county of Westmeath, presented an address to his Excellency Earl Temple, similar to those at the Coronation of Drog-

monday for the

March 15.

Death, Esq., to Mr.

to Mr. William

Dunn, Late Friend

Edward Jefferies, Esq.,

affectionate, a Midwife

diligent,

discharging all the duties of

Health that bo-

revolence and mildness which ever distinguishes

illness with patience, and saw her approaching

dissolution with that calmness and resignation,

which Christianity never fails to inspire.

PORT-NEWS. March 20. Sailed, Dore-

thena, Gaff, Offend, butter.

22. Arrived the

Helen and Mary, McCarthy, Cork, Salt.

The Speedwell, Ketherly, Cork, Ballast.

The Betty,

Volk, Newham, Bristol-Coal and Bark.

23. The Dogen-Negantite, Swervine, Emb-

den, Elasfeed and Hoops.

* To be SOLD a Pair of Cock'd Tail

B I. A C K H O R S E S.

Ready Drawn, one Three,

the other Four,

fit for Immediate Use.—Also, To be Set for

six Months, by Mr. S M Y T H.

A Ready FURNISHED HOUSE,

In Newtown Pery.

It has every Convenience,

with a Pump,

Coach-House for Two Car-

riages, and Stabling for Five Horses. Apply

to Mr. ROBERT POWELL, Merchant.

onicle

Gentlemen
dean's Bonn
quality of
they were

N. B. She
and Dresses and C
Military and other
the Country athen
dispatch.

I Have discharge
I who lived with
Man, for taking
my Stable and the
for corrupting me
there with them.
With his Discharge
any other Gentle
excellent Discharge
he lived at
Terror, Mar

At a Meeting
GERS, held
March, 1783.

INFORMA
Magistrate
by DASSEY H
the Barony of
Steward to C
the County of
Lands were,
twelfth Instant
Up, by Pers
cription of W
determined to
Abilities, Off
do hereby pr
Person or i
lendar Month
ver and prof
of the Offen

A L T A M I R A.

JOHN JOHNSTON begs leave to inform his Friends and the Public, that his Gardens are open for the reception of Company, and that his Lottery will be drawn on Tuesday next. He requests that the Purchasers of his Tickets, may be as expeditious as possible to take away their Prizes.

March 20, 1783.

Wanted a BUFLER, who can dress Hair, he must be a Protestant:—Application to be made to the Printer hereof.

March 13, 1783.

A Quantity of
REFINED SUGARS,

In small Loaves for Sale, by the Hoghead, Hundred, and Loaf, at THOMAS ROBERTS's, Irish-town, under Dublin Prices: He has as usual, a general and excellent supply of Groceries, Claret in Timber and Bottle, Red Port in Hogheads and Quarter Casks, with London Porter of Prime Quality in Hogheads and Half Ditto.

March 3, 1783.

N. B. T
the Treasure
dromin, Esq.

H

To be Sold

A NY Q
cedding
Convenient
very Large
Twelve Ste

N. B. T
Cattle, ca
time of Pa

THE PRESIDENT of the ANNUITY SOCIETY, earnestly requests that every Member in Town may attend at the General Meeting To-morrow, at 12 o'Clock, as Business of great Importance to the Society is to be proposed.

March 24, 1783.

To be Sold by A U C T I O N,

A T Brookfield, in the County of Lime-

Aick, on Monday the 14th of April, for Ready Money, the entire Household Furniture of Mr. HUGH NORCOTT, together with some Choice Milch Cows, and Well bred Two Years old Heifers, a very fine Young Bull, and a few Draught and Saddle Horses.

From
THE
HA
it is deligh
non, near
received t